

Findbib documentation

Kevin Goldstein

The simple shell script, `findbib`, gets a latex source file and finds the needed bibtex records in the physics archive at `WWW-SPIRES.SLAC.STANFORD.EDU`.¹

References must be in one of the following forms:

- A SPIRES key: eg. `\cite{Witten:1997ep}`
- A new arXiv number: eg. `\cite{0704.0001}`
- An old arXiv number: eg. `\cite{hep-th/9703030}` or `\cite{9703030}`.

SPIRES has provided a unique “two letter label” attached to each paper following the Author:Year identification. For example, “ep” in `Witten:1997ep`. Of course, one has to look on SPIRES to know them. However, eprint numbers, like `hep-th/yymmxxx`, `yymmxxx` and `yymm.xxxx`, are also supported labels. This allows you to retrieve the full record from just the arxiv numbers.

If no arxiv name is specified, the scripts will search `hep-th` by default. This behaviour can be changed by editing the script.

The scripts use `awk`, `sed`, `lynx`, `bibtex` and sometimes `LATEX` to generate the `.aux` file. Further details inside the files.

Let me know of suggestions, improvements at:

`billnaai[~at~]gmail{-dot-}com`

1 Useage

```
findbib [-a] filename.tex
```

If the option `-a` is selected, the script will only add new citations. The default behaviour is to create a new bibliography. By default the bibliography is called `filename.bib`.

¹ Note that this shell script runs only under `*nix`.

2 Installation

After you untar it:

```
tar xzvf findbib.tar.gz,
```

just put `findbib` on your path and render it executable:

```
chmod u+x findbib
```

You also need to install `awk`, `sed`, `lynx` and ofcourse `latex`.

(There is also a file, `example.tex`, that you can test the script on).

3 Acknowledgements

This script is a modified version of the script originally by Fabrizio Nesti.

From the original script by Fabrizio Nesti:

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